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PEMBINA PIPELINE INCOME FUND

Interim Report

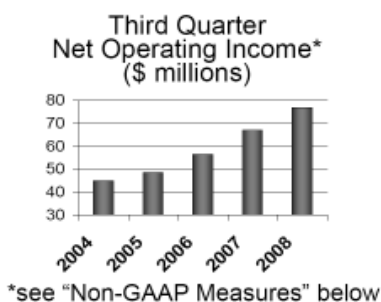
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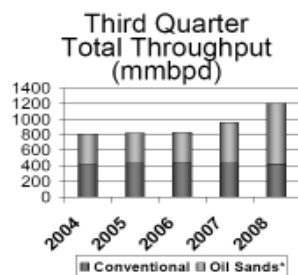
*net of product purchases

STEADY RESULTS AND NEW PROJECTS DRIVE DISTRIBUTION RATE SUSTAINABILITY

- The Fund distributed \$0.38 per Trust Unit during the third quarter of 2008 for total cash distributions of \$50.7 million, a 10 percent increase over the same period of 2007. Since the Fund's inception, Pembina has distributed a total of \$1.16 billion to Unitholders, or \$11.88 per Trust Unit, on a \$10.00 per Trust Unit original issue price.
- In June of 2007, the Canadian federal government enacted legislation that will result in the taxation of certain flow-through entities, including Pembina, commencing on January 1, 2011. During the third quarter, Pembina undertook a detailed review of its options post-2011 and, at present, Pembina views conversion to corporate form as the most likely outcome. Preliminary analysis of Pembina's distribution policy indicate that, based on current conditions, Pembina's internal projections and certain assumptions (see "Forward-Looking Information and Statements" on page 12 of this report), the current distribution rate is sustainable through 2010. Pembina expects to be well-positioned to maintain this rate post-2010 and through 2013, when the payment of cash taxes will commence, based on the aforementioned conditions, projections and assumptions. See "New Developments and Outlook" located on page 10 of this report for further information concerning the expected sustainability and taxability of Pembina's distributions.
- Pembina generated net earnings of \$48.1 million during the quarter and \$122.8 million year-to-date, representing increases of 27 and 14 percent, respectively, over the comparable periods in 2007. This increase is mainly attributable to a \$42.9 million gain on the sale of Syncrude linefill. See "Expenses" on page 5 of this report and "Selected Quarterly Information" on page 11 for further detail.
- All three of Pembina's business segments contributed to strong third quarter results, generating an aggregate of \$77.0 million in net operating income during the third quarter and \$220.1 million year-to-date, a 15 percent and 13 percent increase, respectively, over the comparable periods of the prior year.
- During the third quarter, Pembina announced that it would proceed with the construction of the Nipisi and Mitsue Pipelines. Pembina currently expects these pipelines to have a combined estimated capital cost of \$400 million. Both of these pipelines are contracted under long-term Transportation Services Agreements with Canadian Natural Resources Limited ("CNRL") and EnCana Corporation ("EnCana"). See "New Developments and Outlook" for further information.



*see "Non-GAAP Measures" below



*contracted capacity

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated October 29, 2008 and is supplementary to, and should be read in conjunction with, the unaudited comparative interim financial statements and notes of Pembina Pipeline Income Fund as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, along with the Fund's Management's Discussion and Analysis and audited financial statements and notes for the year ended December 31, 2007. This MD&A has been reviewed and approved by both the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and by the Board of Directors. All amounts are listed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. References to "mbbls/d", "bbls/d" and "\$/bbl" mean thousands of barrels per day, barrels per day and dollars per barrel, respectively. See "Non-GAAP Measures" relating to footnoted non-GAAP measures reflected in this document. This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements and information: see "Forward-Looking Information and Statements".

Fund Description

Pembina Pipeline Income Fund ("Pembina" or the "Fund") is among the predominant issuers in the Canadian energy infrastructure trust sector. Pembina's network of conventional liquids feeder pipelines, and growing presence in the oil sands and midstream sectors, provide an integral service to the western Canadian energy industry. This balanced portfolio of long-life energy infrastructure assets supports the stability and sustainability of the Fund.

The Fund, an unincorporated open-ended trust, pays monthly cash distributions to Unitholders, if, as and when determined by the Board of Directors of Pembina Pipeline Corporation. Pembina's publicly traded securities trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbols: PIF.UN - Trust Units and PIF.DB.B - 7.35% convertible debentures. Pembina's corporate head office is located in Calgary, Alberta.

Fund Strategy

Pembina's principal objective is to provide a stable stream of distributions to Unitholders while pursuing opportunities for enhancement through accretive growth. Pembina believes the most prudent manner to achieve this objective is to maintain and develop assets around its hydrocarbon-liquids services business in western Canada. Pembina plans to further develop this business through the continuous improvement and ongoing expansion of its asset base and the acquisition of quality energy infrastructure assets. To Pembina, "quality" means assets that are imbued with inherent competitive advantages, which are under long-term contracts with credit-worthy customers, and either service or are in close proximity to long-life and economic hydrocarbon reserves. Pembina intends this strategy to generate stable or increasing per-unit cash distributions to Pembina's Unitholders over the long-term.

Pembina's business is structured in three key segments: Conventional Pipelines, Oil Sands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure and Midstream & Marketing.

The primary objective for Pembina's conventional pipeline assets is safe, reliable operations and the maintenance of operating margin contribution while pursuing opportunities for throughput and revenue enhancement. Margins are maintained through the use of toll management, strict adherence to operating cost controls and asset rationalization. Pembina strives to attract new business to its conventional pipeline systems by offering cost-effective, competitively-positioned and reliable transportation services.

Pembina has successfully leveraged its uniquely positioned infrastructure and operating knowledge in the oil sands and intends to continue to pursue future opportunities in this key sector. Pembina's existing oil sands & heavy oil infrastructure assets, and those currently under development, offer fully contracted and long-term returns which are designed to provide a secure stream of stable cash flow. The further expansion of Pembina's business interests in this area is a priority.

The Midstream & Marketing business consists of Pembina's 50 percent non-operated interest in the Fort Saskatchewan Ethylene Storage Facility and the wholly-owned terminalling, storage and hub services operated, or under development, on several of Pembina's conventional pipeline systems. Pembina anticipates that the further expansion of midstream services over segments of its conventional assets will produce significant benefits to both pipeline customers and to Unitholders. This strategy serves to both expand the range of services offered to customers and to extend the economic life of Pembina's conventional asset base, with substantial revenue enhancement potential.

Results from Operations

HIGHLIGHTS ¹ (in millions of dollars, except where noted)	3 Months			9 Months		
	Ended	3 Months Ended	% Change	Ended	9 Months Ended	% Change
	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007		Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007	
Average throughput - conventional (mbbls/d)	430.5	435.4	(1.1)	440.9	446.1	(1.2)
Contracted capacity - oil sands (mbbls/d)	775.0	525.0	47.6	775.0	525.0	47.6
Total throughput and contracted volumes (mbbls/d)	1,205.5	960.4	25.5	1,215.9	971.1	25.2
Capital expenditures	\$ 14.6	\$ 62.4	(76.6)	\$ 197.8	\$ 214.9	(8.0)
Revenue	201.3	131.5	53.1	525.5	370.8	41.7
Product purchases	84.2	32.8	156.7	196.9	82.3	139.2
Operating expenses	40.1	31.8	26.1	108.5	93.7	15.8
Net operating income ²	77.0	66.9	15.1	220.1	194.8	13.0
General & administrative expense	9.6	7.4	29.7	28.7	22.0	30.5
Interest expense on long-term debt	11.5	7.7	49.4	28.0	22.0	27.3
Net earnings	48.1	37.9	26.9	122.8	107.3	14.4
Cash flow from operations	50.4	51.7	(2.5)	156.4	140.8	11.1
Cash distributed to Unitholders	50.7	46.2	9.7	146.4	131.2	11.6
\$ Per Trust Unit	\$ 0.3800	\$ 0.3500	8.6	\$ 1.1000	\$ 1.0100	8.9

¹ This third quarter 2008 Interim Report to Unitholders reports unaudited results of the Fund for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

² Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Conventional Pipelines

(in millions of dollars, except where noted)	3 Months			9 Months		
	Ended	3 Months Ended	% Change	Ended	9 Months Ended	% Change
	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007		Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007	
Average throughput (mbbls/d)	430.5	435.4	(1.1)	440.9	446.1	(1.2)
Revenue	\$ 67.7	\$ 60.9	11.2	\$ 197.7	\$ 183.1	8.0
Operating expenses	29.7	22.5	32.0	82.2	69.5	18.3
Net operating income ¹	38.0	38.4	(1.0)	115.5	113.6	1.7
Capital expenditures	18.0	16.1	11.8	43.1	59.9	(28.0)
Operating expenses (\$/bbl)	0.71	0.53	34.0	0.64	0.54	18.5
Average revenue (\$/bbl)	1.61	1.43	12.6	1.54	1.41	9.2

¹ Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Pembina's extensive network of conventional pipelines in Alberta and British Columbia (BC) provides dependable, cost effective transportation service to customers in western Canada and represents Pembina's legacy pipeline business. These strategically located assets continue to generate stable and predictable cash flows.

During the third quarter and nine months ending September 30, 2008, Pembina's conventional pipelines collectively transported an average of 430,493 bbls/d and 440,955 bbls/d, respectively. These volume levels are consistent with the comparable periods of 2007.

The Alberta pipeline systems transported an average of 408,441 bbls/d during the third quarter, marginally lower than the third quarter of 2007. This decline is primarily due to an outage on the Cremona system throughout July and August due to a pipeline failure. Service on that pipeline was restored in late August 2008. Volumes on the Peace, Drayton Valley and Swan Hills systems remained relatively consistent as increased receipts from new and existing connections were offset by slightly lower crude throughputs from legacy connections.

Throughput on Pembina's Western system averaged 22,052 bbls/d during the third quarter and 22,327 bbls/d for the first nine months of 2008, down 8 percent from the same periods of 2007. These declines are due in part to restrictions at a third party delivery point. The BC gathering pipelines also posted slightly lower results, averaging 26,489 bbls/d over the third quarter as compared to 28,863 bbls/d a year earlier.

In total, Pembina's conventional systems generated aggregate revenue of \$67.7 million and \$197.7 million during the third quarter of 2008 and first nine months of 2008, respectively, up from \$60.9 million and \$183.1 million in the same periods a year earlier. The conventional systems contributed \$115.5 million in operating income during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, 2 percent higher year-over-year. The Alberta systems recorded revenue of

\$57.6 million during the quarter and \$169.8 million for the first nine months of the year which was 9 percent and 6 percent higher, respectively, than the same periods of 2007. Revenues generated by the BC systems were up 22 percent from the third quarter of 2007, primarily as a result of toll adjustments that were negotiated and implemented on these systems in January and February of 2008. Average revenue per barrel on the Alberta systems of \$1.53 during the third quarter was up 14 cents per barrel from the average for the same period of 2007. On the BC systems, average revenue per barrel during the third quarter increased 33 percent from the same period of 2007 to \$2.25 per barrel. The increase on the provincially regulated BC systems was primarily attributable to the above mentioned toll adjustments.

Oil Sands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure

<i>(in millions of dollars, except where noted)</i>	3 Months			9 Months		
	Ended Sept. 30, 2008	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	% Change	Ended Sept. 30, 2008	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	% Change
Average throughput (mbbls/d) ¹	775.0	525.0	47.6	775.0	525.0	47.6
Revenue	\$ 21.1	\$ 17.1	23.4	\$ 51.5	\$ 47.0	9.6
Operating expenses	8.3	7.3	13.7	20.1	17.8	12.9
Net operating income ²	12.8	9.8	30.6	31.4	29.2	7.5
Capital expenditures ³	(14.0)	43.7	(132.0)	125.4	151.5	(17.2)
Operating expenses (\$/bbl) ⁴	0.29	0.22	31.8	0.26	0.21	23.8
Average revenue (\$/bbl) ⁴	0.74	0.52	42.3	0.66	0.56	17.9

¹ Contracted capacity. Actual average throughput was 310,934 bbls/d in the third quarter of 2008 and 354,400 bbls/d in the third quarter of 2007.

² Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

³ In the third quarter, linefill originally capitalized for the commissioning of the Horizon Pipeline was sold and hence removed from capitalized expenditures.

⁴ Calculation uses actual average throughput.

Pembina has 775,000 bpd of fully contracted synthetic crude oil transportation capacity in three distinct pipelines serving customers in the Athabasca oil sands region; the Syncrude Pipeline which provides dedicated service to Syncrude, the world's largest crude oil producer from oil sands; the Cheecham Pipeline which delivers synthetic crude oil from the Syncrude Pipeline to a facility near Cheecham, Alberta; and, the recently completed Horizon Pipeline which provides dedicated service to CNRL's Horizon oil sands project. Revenue generated by these fully contracted pipelines is independent of throughput and provides for the full recovery of operating expenses.

Throughput on the Syncrude Pipeline averaged 310,934 bbls/d during the third quarter and 284,382 bbls/d during the first nine months of 2008, slightly below results posted during the comparable periods of 2007. The Syncrude Pipeline has a transportation capacity of 389,000 bbls/d and is fully contracted to the Syncrude owners. Net operating income generated by the Syncrude Pipeline during the quarter of \$8.4 million is consistent year-over-year.

The Cheecham Pipeline, which has a capacity of 136,000 bbls/d and is fully contracted to shippers, generated net operating income of \$1.1 million and \$3.4 million during the third quarter and first nine months of 2008.

Pembina's Horizon Pipeline began generating revenue under the Transportation Service Agreement with CNRL during the third quarter of 2008. Under the interim tolling arrangement, the pipeline contributed \$3.9 million in revenue and \$3.2 million in net operating income to the period ended September 30, 2008. The interim tolling arrangement expires October 31, 2008, prior to the November 1, 2008 in-service date, at which time the Horizon Pipeline will begin to contribute approximately \$3.8 million in net operating income to Pembina each month.

Midstream & Marketing Business

<i>(in millions of dollars, except where noted)</i>	3 Months			9 Months		
	Ended Sept. 30, 2008	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	% Change	Ended Sept. 30, 2008	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	% Change
Revenue	\$ 112.5	\$ 53.4	110.7	\$ 276.3	\$ 140.6	96.5
Product purchases	84.2	32.8	156.7	196.9	82.3	139.2
Operating expenses	2.2	2.0	10.0	6.2	6.4	(3.1)
Net operating income ¹	26.1	18.7	39.6	73.2	52.0	40.8
Capital expenditures	10.6	2.6	307.7	29.3	3.5	737.1

¹ Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Pembina's Midstream & Marketing business segment is comprised of its 50 percent non-operated interest in the Fort Saskatchewan Ethylene Storage Facility and its wholly-owned terminalling, storage and hub services operated on several of its conventional pipeline systems.

The Midstream & Marketing business continues to exhibit strong aggregate performance, recording net revenue and net operating income of \$28.3 million and \$26.1 million during the third quarter of 2008, representing a 37 percent and 40 percent increase, respectively, over the same quarter of 2007. Pembina's 50 percent interest in the fully contracted Fort Saskatchewan Ethylene Storage Facility generated \$5.5 million in revenue and \$4.3 million in net operating income during the quarter.

Variables that have the potential to impact certain elements of this business segment include, but are not limited to, pipeline volume and relative and absolute product pricing. Pembina does not assume any material commodity price or speculative risk in conducting this business and Pembina endeavors to diversify its revenue streams from this unit to ensure stability in results. See "Risk Factors" on page 10 of this report and "Forward Looking Statements and Information" on page 12 of this report.

Expenses

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2008, operating expenses totaled \$40.1 million and \$108.5 million, up from \$31.8 million and \$93.7 million over the same periods of 2007. Pembina's conventional pipelines incurred operating costs of \$29.7 million during the third quarter of 2008, up from \$22.5 million incurred during the comparable period in 2007. On a per barrel of throughput basis, operating expenses on the conventional systems averaged 0.71 cents for the quarter compared to 0.53 cents during the same quarter of 2007. This increase is primarily related to an increase in one time maintenance work completed in the third quarter 2008 versus 2007.

General and administrative expenses (G&A) of \$9.6 million were recorded during the third quarter of 2008, \$2.2 million higher than the prior year. Year-to-date G&A totaled \$28.7 million compared to \$22 million incurred in 2007. G&A expenses have risen in response to a substantial increase in competitive employment pressures, and to an overall increase in staffing levels to support both ongoing business and growth opportunities. Pembina expects G&A expenditures to be approximately 12.2 percent of net operating income in 2008, slightly higher than the 11.8 percent incurred in 2007.

A \$42.9 million gain on the sale of Syncrude linefill has been recorded as revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. Prior to the scheduled in-service date for Horizon, Pembina purged and sold 385,000 barrels of excess linefill on the 22" Syncrude Pipeline for total estimated proceeds of \$54.8 million and a gain on the sale of \$42.9 million. The after tax proceeds from the sale of excess linefill on the Syncrude Pipeline will reduce the Syncrude Pipeline rate base and reduce annual net earnings by \$1.5 million pursuant to an agreement with the Syncrude shippers.

Cash Distributions

It is the Fund's principal objective to provide Unitholders with stable cash distributions over time. As a result, not all cash available for distribution is distributed to Unitholders. The Fund pays cash distributions on a monthly basis to Unitholders of record on the last calendar day of each month. Distributions are payable on the 15th day of the month following the record date.

Distributable cash is a non-GAAP measure that the Fund uses to manage its business and to assess future cash requirements that impact the determination of future distributions to Unitholders. The Fund defines distributable cash as cash flow from operations less pension and post retirement benefits net of pension contributions, net changes in non-cash working capital, trust unit based compensation expense and amortization of financing fees. The impact of these items is excluded in the calculation of distributable cash as it adjusts for timing differences throughout the year.

The following table sets forth the recalculation of cash flow from operations to certain distributable cash and distributed cash measures.

<i>(in thousands of dollars, except where noted)</i>	3 Months	3 Months	9 Months	9 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007
Cash flow from operations	\$ 50,445	\$ 51,666	\$ 156,400	\$ 140,752
Add/(deduct):				
Employee future benefits expense	(1,083)	(1,282)	(3,244)	(3,841)
Employee future benefits contributions	1,890	732	3,788	3,791
Changes in non-cash working capital	1,477	(337)	(4,662)	3,792
Other	(350)	(823)	(914)	(1,709)
Distributable cash ¹	\$ 52,379	\$ 49,956	\$ 151,368	\$ 142,785
(Increase) decrease in distribution reserve	\$ (1,647)	\$ (3,758)	\$ (4,921)	\$ (11,599)
Distributed cash ¹	\$ 50,732	\$ 46,198	\$ 146,447	\$ 131,186
Distributable cash ¹ per Trust Unit before reserve	\$ 0.3923	\$ 0.3785	\$ 1.1370	\$ 1.0995
Distributed cash per Trust Unit ¹	\$ 0.3800	\$ 0.3500	\$ 1.1000	\$ 1.0100
Diluted distributed cash to Unitholders Per Trust Unit	0.3729	0.3393	1.0781	0.9639

¹ Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

During the third quarter of 2008, the Fund declared distributions of \$0.38 per Trust Unit, or \$50.7 million in aggregate, compared to \$0.35 per Trust Unit, or \$46.2 million in aggregate, paid in the third quarter of 2007. Under Canadian tax laws, a component of the Fund's cash distributions are taxable in the hands of the Unitholder, with the remaining portion a return of capital, unless held in a tax-deferred account. Pembina estimates that 80 percent of the distributions declared in 2008 will be taxable and 20 percent will be a return of capital for Canadian tax purposes. For purposes of calculating the capital gains upon disposition of the Trust Units, the amount considered a return of capital will reduce the Unitholders' adjusted cost base of each Trust Unit for Canadian tax purposes. Pembina's distributions are subject to current domestic tax laws which require a withholding tax from distribution income to non-residents of Canada.

Pembina generated \$0.3923 per Trust Unit in distributable cash (before reserve) during the third quarter of 2008.

The table below shows the Fund's cash distributions paid relative to cash flow from operations and net earnings for the periods indicated. See also "New Developments and Outlook", "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements and Information" below for further information regarding the sustainability of cash distributions.

<i>(in thousands of dollars, except where noted)</i>	3 Months	9 Months	Year Ended December 31		
	Ended	Ended	2007	2006	2005
	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2008			
Cash flow from operations	\$ 50,445	\$ 156,400	\$ 189,540	\$ 143,860	\$ 112,360
Net earnings	48,131	122,825	142,305	88,885	70,409
Distributed cash	50,732	146,447	178,870	142,285	113,482
Excess (shortfall) of cash flow from operations over distributed cash	(287)	9,953	10,670	1,575	(1,122)
Excess (shortfall) of net earnings over distributed cash	(2,601)	(23,622)	(36,565)	(53,400)	(43,073)
Cumulative notional reserve ¹	\$ 35,973	\$ 35,973	\$ 31,052	\$ 21,022	\$ 15,128

¹ Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Pembina maintains a notional reserve designed to ensure stability over economic and industry cycles and to absorb the impact of material one-time events. Therefore, not all available cash is distributed to Unitholders but instead, a portion of the Fund's distributable cash is used to reduce bank indebtedness. Historical cash distributions compared to cash flow from operations shows excess cash flow in every period except for the third quarter of 2008 and the year 2005. The shortfall in 2005 was due to a prepaid pension contribution made by the Fund in the amount of \$13.3 million and due to changes in non-cash working capital. The shortfall in the third quarter of 2008 was due to changes in non-cash working capital. As at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2005, a cumulative notional reserve of

\$36 million and \$15.1 million, respectively, remained after funding the shortfall. Cash distributions to Unitholders are greater than net earnings as the Fund does not consider it necessary to retain non-cash depreciation that has been deducted in the determination of net earnings. Pembina generally does not expect the earning capacity of the Fund's existing assets to erode or to be replaced provided they are properly maintained, such maintenance costs are deducted in determining net earnings. Asset additions increase the earning capacity of the Fund and have historically been financed in either the debt or equity markets and are not dependent on cash flow from existing assets.

The Fund's payout ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was 97 percent, 5 percent higher than the same period in the prior year. Pembina estimates that the full year payout ratio in 2008 will approximate 90 percent, lower than the full year payout ratio of 95 percent in 2007. Pembina calculates the payout ratio as the percentage of distributable cash, prior to distribution reserve adjustments, that is distributed to Unitholders. See "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2008, Pembina's bank facilities consisted of an unsecured \$500 million revolving credit facility and a \$30 million operating line of credit. On July 24, 2007, the revolving credit facilities were increased from \$230 million to \$500 million for a period of five years to July 24, 2012. There are no repayments due over this term. In addition, the \$30 million operating facility was extended one year to July 23, 2009 during the third quarter of 2008. At September 30, 2008, Pembina had \$390 million drawn leaving \$140 million of undrawn capacity on the \$530 million of established bank facilities. Borrowings bear interest at either prime lending rates or are based on bankers acceptances plus applicable margins. The margins are based on the credit rating of the senior unsecured debt of Pembina Pipeline Corporation and range from 0.50 percent to 1.50 percent. Other debt includes \$81.9 million in fixed rate Senior Secured Notes due 2017, \$175 million in fixed rate Senior Unsecured Notes due 2014, \$75 million of Floating Rate Senior Unsecured Notes due 2009 and \$200 million in fixed rate Senior Unsecured Notes due 2021. At September 30, 2008, Pembina had long-term debt (excluding deferred financing fees) of \$921.9 million. This long-term debt, together with \$41.6 million of outstanding convertible debentures, resulted in a ratio of total debt to total enterprise value of 30.2 percent compared to a ratio of 29 percent at June 30, 2008 and a ratio of 26.2 percent at December 31, 2007.

During the third quarter, \$6.9 million in net debt financing costs were recorded, comparable to 2007.

Pembina expects to refinance the \$75 million in notes that mature in June 2009 by either extending with existing lenders or refinancing with an increased bank facility. However, given the current uncertainty in financial markets, Pembina's financing costs may increase.

Pembina considers the maintenance of investment grade credit agency ratings as critical to its ongoing ability to access capital markets on attractive terms. The rating systems employed by the agencies referenced below recognize the stable profile of Pembina's assets and financial results and the sustainability of the per Trust Unit distributions of the Fund. The Dominion Bond Rating Service Ltd. (DBRS) stability rating system measures the volatility and sustainability of distributions per Trust Unit. DBRS has assigned Pembina Pipeline Income Fund a STA-2 (low) stability rating. DBRS's stability rating scale is from STA-1 to STA-7, with STA-1 representing the highest rating possible, and STA-7 the lowest. Pembina Pipeline Corporation, the Fund's primary operating subsidiary, is also rated by DBRS, which has assigned a senior secured debt rating of 'BBB High' and a 'BBB' senior unsecured debt rating. On July 24, 2008, Standard & Poor's (S&P) upgraded its long-term corporate credit and bank loan ratings on Pembina Pipeline Corporation to "BBB+" from "BBB", and its senior secured debt rating on the company to "A-" from "BBB+", with a stable outlook. S&P also rates the Fund and has a current rating of SR-2. According to S&P's rating system, which rates distributable cash on a scale of SR-1 to SR-7, SR-2 rated funds are considered to have very high stability and debt instruments rated BBB have adequate protection parameters.

Contractual Obligations

The Fund is committed to annual payments as follows:

Contractual Obligations	Total	Payments Due By Period			
		Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	4 - 5 years	After 5 years
Office and vehicle leases	\$ 16.3	\$ 4.2	\$ 10.0	\$ 2.1	\$
Long-term debt	921.9	81.8	413.5	193.8	232.8
Convertible debentures	41.6		41.6		
Construction commitments	433.0	60.6	355.9	16.5	
Total contractual obligations	\$ 1,412.8	\$ 146.6	\$ 821.0	\$ 212.4	\$ 232.8

Pembina is, subject to certain conditions, contractually committed to the construction and the operation of the Nipisi and Mitsue Pipelines. Pembina currently projects the cost to be \$400 million, with \$2 million of that amount expended to September 30, 2008, \$60.6 million expected to be spent within one year and the balance by mid-2011. Pembina expects to utilize its undrawn bank facilities to finance the initial costs of the pipelines and increase its established bank facilities or access the debt and equity markets, or a combination thereof, to finance commitments beyond the one year time frame. See "Forward-Looking Statements and Information" on page 12 of this report.

Capital Expenditures (\$ millions)	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007
	Development capital			
Conventional pipelines	\$ 18.0	\$ 16.1	\$ 43.1	\$ 59.9
Oil Sands infrastructure	(14.0)	43.7	125.4	151.5
Midstream business	10.6	2.6	29.3	3.5
Total development capital	\$ 14.6	\$ 62.4	\$ 197.8	\$ 214.9

Pembina expended \$14.6 million on capital projects during the third quarter of 2008, down from \$62.4 million expended during the third quarter of 2007, largely due to greater capital expenditures for the Horizon Pipeline project. Capital expenditures for the conventional systems of \$18 million during the quarter related to \$3.2 million for new connections and upgrades, \$1.9 million for repairs to the Cremona system, \$9 million for linefill on the Bonnie Glen system as Pembina assumed operatorship of this system, \$1 million for the Peace system product segregation facilities, \$0.9 million for the condensate portion of the Mitsue pipeline project, \$0.7 million for the Western system corrosion and pipeline inspection programs and upgrades and \$0.2 million for Drayton Valley system product segregation facilities. Oil sands infrastructure spending was credited by \$16 million during the third quarter due to the sale of test linefill originally purchased in the first half of the year in order to commission the Horizon Pipeline. This was offset by \$0.8 million invested in Syncrude Pipeline upgrades and \$1.2 million invested in the Nipisi project. Spending in the midstream business segment of \$10.6 million for the third quarter related mainly to operations equipment purchases. Capital expenditures are financed utilizing Pembina's existing credit facilities.

Trust Unit and Convertible Debenture Information

Pembina offers a Premium Distribution, Distribution Reinvestment and Optional Unit Purchase Plan ("DRIP"). Pembina expects to reinstate the DRIP, which has been discontinued over the past five quarters, effective with the October 31, 2008 record date. DRIP proceeds will be directed to fund current projects and future capital undertakings.

The Fund's Trust Units, together with the one remaining series of convertible debentures, are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

	Oct. 27, 2008 ¹	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007
Trust Units Outstanding	133,598,864	133,568,526	132,065,211
Average Daily Trading Volume (Units per day)	428,661	253,141	187,800
Unit Trading Price (\$/Unit) ²	\$ 16.54	\$ 16.11	\$ 17.73
Principal Amount of Debentures Outstanding (\$millions)	\$ 43.1	\$ 43.5	\$ 53.7
7.35% Convertible Debentures Trading Price ³	\$ 131.18	\$ 131.53	\$ 140.34
Total Market Value of Securities Outstanding (\$millions)	\$ 2,280.96	\$ 2,221.07	\$ 2,416.13
Pembina's convertible debentures are convertible to Trust Units at conversion prices of (\$/Unit):			
7.35% Convertible Debentures maturing December 31, 2010		\$ 12.50	

¹ Based on the 18 trading days from October 1 to October 27, 2008, inclusive.

² End of Period.

³ Full conversion to Trust Units of the remaining principal amount of the debenture issue as at October 27, 2008 would result in the issuance of 3.5 million Trust Units.

As at September 30, 2008, non-resident holdings in the Fund totaled approximately 20 percent. This level is within the 49 percent restriction on non-resident ownership in the Fund imposed by Pembina's Declaration of Trust and is consistent with the requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Critical Accounting Estimates and Changes in Accounting Principles and Practices

The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants issued three new accounting standards; Handbook Section 1535 "Capital Disclosures", Handbook Section 3862 "Financial Instruments - Disclosure" and Handbook Section 3863 "Financial Instruments - Presentation" effective January 1, 2008. The Fund adopted these standards effective January 1, 2008 and as a result has included additional disclosures, both qualitative and quantitative, on financial instruments and on the management of capital in the financial statements and notes in this 2008 interim report.

There were no changes in Pembina's other critical accounting estimates and practices that affected the disclosure of or the accounting for its operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. Such critical accounting estimates are presented in Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) announced that Canadian publicly accountable enterprises will adopt International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), effective January 1, 2011. IFRS will require increased financial statement disclosures. Although IFRS uses a conceptual framework similar to Canadian GAAP, differences in accounting policies will need to be addressed to assess the impact on the Fund's existing accounting policies, the impact on business processes and the impact on information systems requirements and internal controls. The Fund continues to assess the impact of this AcSB announcement on its financial statements and business processes and develop implementation conversion plans.

New Developments and Outlook

During the third quarter, Pembina maintained its focus on growth opportunities and further diversification of its revenue sources and business segments.

On August 12, 2008, Pembina announced that it has entered into Transportation Services Agreements with founding customers, CNRL and EnCana to, subject to certain conditions, construct the Mitsue and Nipisi pipelines at an estimated capital cost of \$400 million. Both of these pipelines are contracted under long term agreements. The Mitsue Pipeline, which will offer 22,000 bpd of condensate delivery capacity and the Nipisi Pipeline, which will provide 100,000 bpd of diluted heavy oil take-away capacity from the Nipisi Lake and Seal region, are expected to be in-service in mid-2011. Plans to exploit under and un-utilized infrastructure for these pipelines will reduce Pembina's operating footprint, minimize the impact on communities, land and the environment, and allow Pembina to offer

customers dedicated service at attractive commercial terms with lower project completion and execution risk. As of mid-September, Pembina has commenced public consultation and is seeking feedback on the proposed pipeline routing, traditional land use, environmental impacts and other aspects of the project. Information gathered through this process will be incorporated into project planning. Further, Pembina intends to work with communities potentially impacted by the project to explore employment and business opportunities arising from this project. In response to significant development activity in the Nipisi Lake and Seal area, Pembina continues to assess shipper demand to determine the feasibility of expanding the planned capacity of these pipelines to better serve customers in this region.

Pembina's reputation for consistent results and growing distributions is supported by its continued success in developing new services and executing on opportunities. Pembina's established record of accomplishment reflects the quality of its strategically located assets, prudent expansions and additions to its asset portfolio, the introduction of new and innovative services and strong stakeholder relationships. The quality of our current asset portfolio and the breadth of tangible and prospective growth opportunities presently under development across all of our business segments lend confidence in our continuing ability to maintain and grow future distributions.

In view of the impending taxation of certain flow-through "specified investment" ("SIFT") entities in Canada, including Pembina, commencing in 2011, Pembina has undertaken a detailed review to determine the best path forward for the Fund and its stakeholders. At present, Pembina views conversion to corporate form during the latter half of 2010 as the most likely outcome. Based on current conditions, and on certain assumptions and internal projections, preliminary analysis indicates that Pembina can maintain its current per unit level of cash distributions to equity holders in the years immediately following corporate conversion (in a form of a dividend), including through the 2013 time horizon when Pembina expects to commence payment of cash taxes. Solid, sustainable results generated by all three of Pembina's business units, together with anticipated significant incremental cash flow contribution from capital projects presently underway, lend confidence in Pembina's ability to maintain the distribution rate through corporate conversion and the onset of taxable status. Further, Pembina believes that the more favourable tax treatment afforded to dividends, as compared to distributions of income, under current Canadian tax law, may result in more attractive after-tax returns for certain taxable Canadian investors, depending on individual circumstances. Pembina believes this level of dividends post conversion can be continued while maintaining a prudent capital structure and continuing to fund its planned growth initiatives. See "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements and Information" below for a discussion of the assumptions made and risks associated with these forward-looking statements.

Risk Factors

Management has identified the primary risk factors that could potentially have a material impact on the financial results and operations of the Fund. Such risk factors are presented in Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2007, and in the Fund's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2007. See "Additional Information" below.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to Pembina Pipeline Income Fund, including the Fund's Annual Information Form and financial statements, can be found on the Fund's profile on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

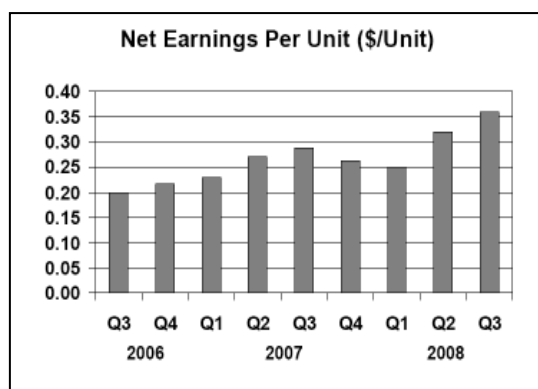
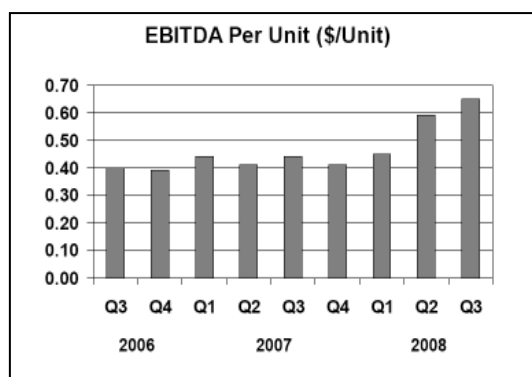
Selected Quarterly Information

(in thousands of dollars, except where noted)	2008			2007				2006	
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Revenue	201,289	181,484	142,735	133,990	131,477	126,373	112,948	89,636	85,719
Product purchases	84,243	76,215	36,451	32,756	32,761	32,947	16,589	1,574	393
Operating expenses	40,136	33,262	35,095	35,885	31,833	30,718	31,192	32,933	29,570
EBITDA ¹	86,293	78,640	59,916	54,518	58,660	53,676	56,271	49,626	50,261
Cash flow from operations	50,445	46,921	59,034	48,788	51,666	42,180	46,907	41,111	32,430
Net earnings	48,131	42,122	32,572	34,981	37,903	35,492	33,929	27,231	24,563
Net earnings per Trust Unit (\$/Unit):									
Basic	0.36	0.32	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.27	0.27	0.22	0.20
Diluted	0.35	0.31	0.24	0.26	0.28	0.27	0.26	0.22	0.20
Distributed cash ¹	50,732	47,922	47,793	47,684	46,198	42,890	42,098	37,687	36,461
Distributed cash per Trust Unit ¹									
Basic	0.3800	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3500	0.3300	0.3300	0.3000	0.2950
Diluted	0.3729	0.3528	0.3530	0.3521	0.3393	0.3211	0.3219	0.2956	0.2902
Trust Units outstanding (thousands):									
Weighted average (basic)	133,504	133,117	132,758	132,454	131,994	129,966	127,568	125,625	123,576
Weighted average (diluted)	137,595	137,564	137,196	137,243	136,850	135,274	135,206	132,789	131,502
End of period	133,569	133,278	132,816	132,542	132,065	131,388	128,247	126,218	124,262

¹ Refer to "Non-GAAP Measures" below.

Net earnings of \$48.1 million were recorded during the third quarter of 2008, compared to \$37.9 million and \$24.6 million over the same periods in 2007 and 2006. The 26.9 percent increase in net earnings over the same period in 2007 relates in large measure to a \$42.9 million gain on sale of linefill, of which \$21.6 million was recorded in the third quarter, associated with the completion of the Horizon Pipeline. Net operating income continues to grow at \$76.9 million in the third quarter of 2008, compared to \$66.9 million and \$55.8 million over the same periods in 2007 and 2006. This represents a substantial increase of 14.9 percent and 37.8 percent, respectively, due to the expansion of midstream operations as well as to toll increases and strong performance on conventional pipeline systems.

Pembina's stable operations typically produce limited variability in quarterly results. However, continued growth in Pembina's underlying asset base and business operations has generally resulted in increased revenues, expenses and cash flows over the last nine quarters. Variations in this trend result from one-time events and expected seasonal factors which impact pipeline receipts and operating expenses, occurring most frequently during the second quarter of each year. Such events and factors include, but are not limited to, regularly scheduled facilities maintenance, road bans and weather-related impact on receipts and spending patterns.



Non-GAAP Measures

Throughout this MD&A the Fund and Pembina use the term "distributable cash" to refer to the amount of cash that is to be available for distribution to the Fund's Unitholders. Distributable cash is used as a financial measure as it adjusts cash flow from operations for timing differences in non-cash working capital and for non-cash items charged to earnings that the Fund considers to be unavailable for distribution. "Distributable cash" is not a measure recognized by Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Therefore, distributable cash of the Fund may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers, and investors are cautioned that distributable cash should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings, cash flow from operations or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of the Fund's performance.

Further, the use of terms "EBITDA" (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization), "net operating income" (revenues less operating expenses and product purchases), "payout ratio" (the Fund's cash distributions to Unitholders divided by its distributable cash), "notional reserve" (the difference between the Fund's distributable cash and the cash distributions to Unitholders in a given period) and "enterprise value" (the Fund's market capitalization plus long-term debt) are not recognized under Canadian GAAP. Management believes that, in addition to earnings, EBITDA, net operating income, payout ratio and enterprise value are useful measures. They provide an indication of the results generated by the Fund's business activities prior to consideration of how activities were financed, how the results are taxed and measured and, in the case of enterprise value, the aggregate value of the Fund. Notional reserve indicates investors should be cautioned, however, that EBITDA, net operating income, payout ratio, notional reserve and enterprise value should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings, cash flows from operating activities or other measures of financial performance determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of the Fund's performance. Furthermore, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Forward-Looking Information and Statements

The information contained in this MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements and information that are based on the Fund's current expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends. In some cases, forward-looking statements and information can be identified by terminology such as "may", "will", "should", "expects", "projects", "plans", "anticipates", "targets", "believes", "strives", "intends", "estimates", "continue", "designed", "objective", "maintain", "schedule", "endeavor" and similar expressions.

In particular, this document contains forward-looking statements, including certain financial outlook, regarding (i) the possible conversion of Pembina to a corporate form in the latter half of 2010 and the ability of Pembina to maintain its current level of cash distributions to its equity holders both prior to and for the foreseeable future after conversion (in the form of dividends after conversion); (ii) the future net operating income of Pembina in relation to the Horizon Pipeline; and (iii) the proposed construction of the Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines. These forward-looking statements are being made by Pembina based on certain assumptions that Pembina has made in respect thereof as at the date of this document. These assumptions include, in respect of the possible corporate conversion of Pembina and future cash distributions or dividends to equity holders, that Pembina's internal cash flow and tax projections are correct; that Pembina can obtain all necessary approvals in respect of the corporate conversion; that favourable growth parameters continue to exist in respect of current and future projects of Pembina (including in respect of the ability to finance such projects on favourable terms); that there will be no changes to current tax laws governing the taxation of SIFT entities and the treatment distributions from such entities; that the draft legislation related to the conversion of SIFT entities into corporations, as introduced on July 14, 2008, will be enacted in the form proposed; and the continued sustainable results of all three of Pembina's business segments. In respect of the forward-looking statements made in relation to the Horizon and Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines, Pembina has assumed that the in-service date for the Horizon Pipeline will be November 1, 2008 and that the in-service date for the Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines will be in mid-2011; that future tolls in respect of such pipelines will be consistent with internal projections; that counterparties will comply with contracts in a timely manner; that there are no unforeseen events preventing the performance of contracts by Pembina; that Pembina is able to obtain financing on favourable terms in respect of the costs associated with the Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines; that there are no unforeseen construction costs related to the Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines; and that there are no unforeseen material costs relating to the pipeline systems which are not recoverable from shippers.

Further, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements and information with respect to: future stability and sustainability of cash distributions to Unitholders; ongoing utilization and expansions of and additions to Pembina's asset base; the amount of future liabilities related to environmental incidents; the availability of coverage under Pembina's insurance policies (including in respect of Pembina's business interruption insurance policy); future acquisitions, growth and growth potential in Pembina's conventional pipelines, oil sands & heavy oil infrastructure and

midstream & marketing operations; potential revenue and cash flow enhancement; future cash flows; maintenance of operating margins; continued high levels of oil and gas activity and increased oil and gas production in proximity to Pembina's pipelines and other assets (which could be affected by, among other things, possible changes to applicable royalty and tax regimes); additional throughput potential on additional connections and other initiatives on the conventional system; expected project start-up and construction dates; future distributions, payout ratios and taxation of distributions; future financing capability and sources; negative credit rating adjustments; the expansion of midstream services; and the future tax treatment of the Fund and income trusts.

None of the forward-looking statements described above are guarantees of future performance and they are all subject to a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: the impact of competitive entities and pricing, approvals by industry partners, reliance on key alliances and agreements, non-performance of the transportation agreements in accordance with their terms, the strength and operations of the oil and natural gas production industry and related commodity prices, the regulatory environment and decisions and the inability to obtain required regulatory approvals (including in respect of the Mitsue and Nipisi pipelines), tax laws and treatment, fluctuations in operating results, the ability of Pembina to raise sufficient capital (or to raise capital on favourable terms) to complete future projects and satisfy future commitments (including in respect of the proposed construction of the Mitsue and Nipisi pipelines and related facilities), construction costs of the Mitsue and Nipisi Pipelines, construction delays and labour and material shortages, and certain other risks detailed from time to time in the Fund's public disclosure documents. The Fund believes the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements and information are reasonable as of the date hereof but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. Undue reliance should not be placed on these forward-looking statements and information as both known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including those business risks stated above, may cause actual performance and financial results in future periods to differ materially from any projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and information. Accordingly, readers are cautioned that events or circumstances could cause results to differ materially from those predicted. Such forward-looking statements and information are expressly qualified by the above statements. The Fund does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or information contained herein, except as required by applicable laws.

Management of the Fund approved the financial outlook contained herein as of the date of this document. The purpose of the financial outlook contained herein is to give the reader an indication of the value to Pembina of the Horizon Pipeline as well as the potential effects to Unitholders of a possible conversion of Pembina to a corporate form. Readers should be aware that the information contained in the financial outlook contained herein may not be appropriate for other purposes.

consolidated balance sheets

(unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars)

	Sept. 30 2008	Dec. 31 2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 11,201	\$ 16,736
Accounts receivable and other	65,703	56,177
	76,904	72,913
Property, plant and equipment	1,678,919	1,524,887
Goodwill and other	356,020	358,212
Derivative financial instruments	9,372	10,796
	\$ 2,121,215	\$ 1,966,808
Liabilities and Unitholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 56,966	\$ 59,485
Distributions payable to Unitholders	17,364	15,905
Current portion of long-term debt	81,780	6,422
	156,110	81,812
Long-term debt	833,305	772,364
Convertible debentures	41,604	47,702
Asset retirement obligations	82,902	62,236
Future income taxes	108,649	93,957
	1,222,570	1,058,071
Unitholders' equity:		
Trust Units (note 6)	1,335,264	1,320,692
Deficit	(443,512)	(419,890)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	6,893	7,935
	898,645	908,737
	\$ 2,121,215	\$ 1,966,808

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

consolidated statements of earnings and deficit

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars, except per Trust Unit amounts)

	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007
Revenues:				
Conventional pipelines	\$ 67,666	\$ 60,936	\$ 197,746	\$ 183,111
Oil Sands infrastructure	21,135	17,114	51,466	47,042
Midstream & Marketing business	112,488	53,427	276,296	140,645
	201,289	131,477	525,508	370,798
Expenses:				
Operations	40,136	31,833	108,493	93,743
Product purchases	84,243	32,761	196,909	82,297
General and administrative	9,623	7,407	28,700	22,003
Depreciation and amortization	17,981	16,877	52,576	49,341
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	1,256	759	3,766	1,761
Internalization of management contract	2,504	1,219	8,842	2,558
Other	(21,510)	(403)	(42,285)	1,590
	134,233	90,453	357,001	253,293
Earnings before interest and taxes	67,056	41,024	168,507	117,505
Interest on long-term debt	11,498	7,688	27,986	22,003
Interest on convertible debentures	828	1,016	2,599	3,819
Earnings before taxes	54,730	32,320	137,922	91,683
Income tax expense (reduction)	6,599	(5,583)	15,097	(15,641)
Net earnings	48,131	37,903	122,825	107,324
Deficit, beginning of period	(440,911)	(398,892)	(419,890)	(383,325)
Distributed cash	(50,732)	(46,198)	(146,447)	(131,186)
Deficit, end of period	\$ (443,512)	\$ (407,187)	\$ (443,512)	\$ (407,187)
Earnings per Trust Unit				
Basic	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.92	\$ 0.83
Diluted	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.91	\$ 0.79

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

consolidated statement of comprehensive income

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars)

	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	3 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2008	9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 2007
Net earnings for the period	\$ 48,131	\$ 37,903	\$ 122,825	\$ 107,324
Other comprehensive income:				
Change in unrealized gain on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$1.1 million and \$0.4 million	(2,996)	(3,568)	(1,042)	5,749
Total comprehensive income	\$ 45,135	\$ 34,335	\$ 121,783	\$ 113,073
Accumulated other comprehensive income:				
Opening balance, net of tax of \$3.6 million and \$2.9 million	\$ 9,889	\$ 14,365	\$ 7,935	\$ 5,048
Change in unrealized gain on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$1.1 million and \$0.4 million	(2,996)	(3,568)	(1,042)	5,749
Balance, end of period, net of tax of \$2.5 million	\$ 6,893	\$ 10,797	\$ 6,893	\$ 10,797

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

consolidated statements of cash flows

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars)

	3 Months	3 Months	9 Months	9 Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2007
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities:				
Net earnings	\$ 48,131	\$ 37,903	\$122,825	\$107,324
Items not involving cash:				
Depreciation and amortization	17,981	16,877	52,576	49,341
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	1,256	759	3,766	1,761
Future income tax expense (reduction)	6,599	(5,583)	15,097	(15,641)
Linefill gain	(21,588)		(42,896)	
Employee future benefits expense	1,083	1,282	3,244	3,841
Trust Unit based compensation expense	350	397	938	883
Other		426	(24)	826
Employee future benefits contributions	(1,890)	(732)	(3,788)	(3,791)
Changes in non-cash working capital	(1,477)	337	4,662	(3,792)
Cash flow from operations	50,445	51,666	156,400	140,752
Financing activities:				
Bank borrowings	(14,306)	57,409	141,070	144,433
Repayment of senior secured notes	(1,619)	(1,507)	(4,772)	(4,439)
Issue of Trust Units on exercise of options	925	1,272	7,536	4,676
Issue of Trust Units under Distribution Reinvestment Plan				47,170
Distributions to Unitholders - current year	(49,362)	(44,804)	(129,083)	(115,339)
Distributions to Unitholders - prior year			(15,905)	(12,622)
	(64,362)	12,370	(1,154)	63,879
Investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	(15,873)	(62,583)	(198,839)	(209,264)
Proceeds on sale of linefill	27,558		54,764	
Changes in non-cash working capital	20,922	2,618	(16,707)	2,485
	32,607	(59,965)	(160,781)	(206,779)
Change in cash	18,690	4,071	(5,535)	(2,148)
Cash (bank indebtedness), beginning of period	(7,489)	(4,358)	16,736	1,861
Cash (bank indebtedness), end of period	\$ 11,201	\$ (287)	\$ 11,201	\$ (287)
Other cash disclosures:				
Interest on long-term debt paid	\$ (13,585)	\$ (9,377)	\$(34,451)	\$(28,411)
Interest capitalized	\$ (509)	\$ (2,673)	\$ (7,648)	\$ (6,137)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements:
(Tabular amounts in thousands of dollars, except per Trust Unit amounts)

1. Significant accounting policies:

The interim consolidated financial statements of Pembina Pipeline Income Fund ("the Fund") have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for non rate-regulated entities. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 with the exception of accounting policies relating to newly issued accounting standards by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. The disclosure provided below is incremental to that included with the annual consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Fund's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2007. Certain of the prior period's comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Fund adopted the new recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section 3862, Financial Instruments - Disclosures ("Section 3862") and Handbook Section 3863, Financial Instruments - Presentation ("Section 3863"). Section 3862 requires entities to provide disclosures in their financial statements that enable users to evaluate the significance of financial instruments on the entity's financial position and its performance and the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date, and how the entity manages those risks. Section 3863 established standards for presentation of financial instruments and nonfinancial derivatives. It deals with the classification of financial instruments, from the perspective of the issuer, between liabilities and equities, the classification of related interest, dividends, losses and gains, and circumstances in which financial assets and financial liabilities are offset. The adoption of these standards did not have any impact on the classification and valuation of the Fund's financial instruments. The Fund has included disclosures recommended by these new standards in Note 4 of the financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Fund adopted the new recommendation of CICA Handbook Section 1535, Capital Disclosures ("Section 1535"). Section 1535 establishes standards for disclosing information about an entity's capital and how it is managed. It requires the disclosure of information about; the entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital, qualitative information about what the entity regards as capital, whether the entity has complied with any capital requirements, and if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance. The Fund has included disclosures recommended by Section 1535 in Note 5 of the financial statements.

International Financial Reporting Standards

The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) announced that Canadian publicly accountable enterprises will adopt International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), effective January 1, 2011. IFRS will require increased financial statement disclosures. Although IFRS uses a conceptual framework similar to Canadian GAAP, differences in accounting policies will need to be addressed to assess the impact on the Fund's existing accounting policies, the impact on business processes and the impact on information systems requirements and internal controls. The Fund continues to assess the impact of this AcSB announcement on its financial statements and business processes and develop implementation conversion plans.

2. Internalization of management contract:

Effective June 30, 2006, the Fund acquired all of the outstanding common shares of Pembina Management Inc. (Manager), the manager of the Fund. Total consideration for the transaction consisted of an initial cash payment of \$6 million and a contingent deferred payment payable in 2009 that is linked to future growth in distributable cash per Trust Unit of the Fund. If the future cumulative distributable cash in the period from January 1, 2006, to December 31, 2008 does not exceed \$3.42 per Trust Unit (\$1.14 per Trust Unit per year), the deferred amount is zero. Every approximate 10 cent per Trust Unit increase in cumulative distributable cash over \$3.42 per Trust Unit results in a \$1 million increase in purchase price to a maximum of \$15 million, which is converted into

notional Trust Units based on the weighted-average trading price of the Trust Units for the 20 trading days prior to June 30, 2006 of \$15.87 (the "closing price"). The purchase price will also be adjusted by the distributions payable on the notional Trust Units for the period from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2008, and the change in the value of the Fund's Trust Units from the closing price. No further payments under the share purchase agreement are payable until 2009, however assuming the total 2008 distributable cash is similar to that for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, and using the September 30, 2008 closing price of \$16.11 per Trust Unit on the TSX as the "closing price" and assuming monthly distributions for the remainder of 2008 remain at the level of distribution for the month of September 2008, the potential deferred payment would be \$16.5 million, of which, \$4.7 million has been expensed in 2007 and \$8.8 million has been expensed at September 30, 2008.

3. Business segments:

The Fund conducts its operations through three operating segments: conventional pipelines, oil sands & heavy oil infrastructure and midstream & marketing business.

Conventional pipelines consists of the tariff based operations of pipelines and related facilities to deliver crude oil, condensate and natural gas liquids in Alberta and British Columbia.

Oil sands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure consists of the Syncrude Pipeline, the Cheecham Lateral and the Horizon Pipeline, which was completed on July 1, 2008. This operating segment consists of pipelines and related facilities to deliver synthetic crude oil produced from oil sands under long-term cost of service arrangements.

Midstream & Marketing business consists of the Fund's direct and indirect interest in a storage operation and direct interests in terminalling, storage and hub services under a mixture of short, medium and long-term contractual arrangements.

The financial results of the business segments are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Conventional Pipelines	Oil Sands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure	Midstream & Marketing Business	Corporate	Total
Three months ended September 30, 2008					
Revenues:					
Pipeline transportation	\$ 67,666	\$ 21,135	\$	\$	\$ 88,801
Terminalling, storage and hub services			112,488		112,488
Revenue before expenses	67,666	21,135	112,488		201,289
Expenses:					
Operations	29,738	8,266	2,132		40,136
Product purchases			84,243		84,243
General and administrative		336		9,287	9,623
Depreciation and amortization	12,458	3,017	2,253	253	17,981
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	1,095	161			1,256
Internalization of management contract				2,504	2,504
Other ²		(21,588)		78	(21,510)
	43,291	(9,808)	88,628	12,122	134,233
Earnings before interest and taxes	\$ 24,375	\$ 30,943	\$ 23,860	\$ (12,122)	\$ 67,056
Property, plant and equipment ¹	\$ 805,962	\$ 703,980	\$ 162,939	\$ 6,038	\$ 1,678,919
Goodwill and other	\$ 207,117	\$ 28,300	\$ 120,603	\$	\$ 356,020

(in thousands of dollars)	Conventional Pipelines	Oil Sands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure	Midstream & Marketing Business	Corporate	Total
Nine months ended September 30, 2008					
Revenues:					
Pipeline transportation	\$ 197,746	\$ 51,466	\$	\$	\$ 249,212
Terminalling, storage and hub services			276,296		276,296
Revenue before expenses	197,746	51,466	276,296		525,508
Expenses:					
Operations	82,238	20,093	6,162		108,493
Product purchases			196,909		196,909
General and administrative		1,010		27,690	28,700
Depreciation and amortization	35,285	9,061	7,571	659	52,576
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	3,283	483			3,766
Internalization of management contract				8,842	8,842
Other ²		(42,896)		611	(42,285)
	120,806	(12,249)	210,642	37,802	357,001
Earnings before interest and taxes	\$ 76,940	\$ 63,715	\$ 65,654	\$ (37,802)	\$ 168,507
Property, plant and equipment ¹	\$ 805,962	\$ 703,980	\$ 162,939	\$ 6,038	\$ 1,678,919
Goodwill and other	\$ 207,117	\$ 28,300	\$ 120,603	\$	\$ 356,020

¹ Included in property, plant and equipment are assets under construction for the Horizon Pipeline of \$390.7 million.

² Included in other for Oilsands & Heavy Oil Infrastructure segment is a gain on sale of Syncrude linefill of \$42.9 million. This represents the purging and sale of 385,000 barrels of excess linefill for total proceeds of \$54.8 million.

	Conventional Pipelines	Oil Sands Infrastructure ¹	Midstream Business	Corporate	Total
Three months ended September 30, 2007					
Revenues:					
Pipeline transportation	\$ 60,936	\$ 17,114	\$	\$	\$ 78,050
Terminalling, storage and hub services			53,427		53,427
Revenue before expenses	60,936	17,114	53,427		131,477
Expenses:					
Operations	22,585	7,299	1,949		31,833
Product purchases			32,761		32,761
General and administrative		326		7,081	7,407
Depreciation and amortization	11,375	3,063	2,253	186	16,877
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	718	41			759
Internalization of management contract				1,219	1,219
Other				(403)	(403)
	34,678	10,729	36,963	8,083	90,453
Earnings before interest and taxes	\$ 26,258	\$ 6,385	\$ 16,464	\$ (8,083)	\$ 41,024
Property, plant and equipment ¹	\$ 780,859	\$ 526,802	\$ 123,455	\$ 5,329	\$ 1,436,445
Goodwill and other	\$ 207,768	\$ 28,300	\$ 124,249	\$	\$ 360,317

	Conventional Pipelines	Oil Sands Infrastructure ¹	Midstream Business	Corporate	Total
Nine months ended September 30, 2007					
Revenues:					
Pipeline transportation	\$ 183,111	\$ 47,042	\$	\$	\$ 230,153
Terminalling, storage and hub services			140,645		140,645
Revenue before expenses	183,111	47,042	140,645		370,798
Expenses:					
Operations	69,547	17,795	6,401		93,743
Product purchases			82,297		82,297
General and administrative		980		21,023	22,003
Depreciation and amortization	32,995	9,092	6,735	519	49,341
Accretion on asset retirement obligations	1,666	95			1,761
Internalization of management contract				2,558	2,558
Other				1,590	1,590
	104,208	27,962	95,433	25,690	253,293
Earnings before interest and taxes	\$ 78,903	\$ 19,080	\$ 45,212	\$ (25,690)	\$ 117,505
Property, plant and equipment ¹	\$ 780,859	\$ 526,802	\$ 123,455	\$ 5,329	\$ 1,436,445
Goodwill and other	\$ 207,768	\$ 28,300	\$ 124,249	\$	\$ 360,317

¹ Included in property, plant and equipment are assets under construction for the Horizon Pipeline of \$188.4 million.

4. Financial Risk Management and Financial Instruments:

Financial risk

The Fund has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Fund's Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the oversight of these risks and reviews the Fund's policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that these risks are appropriately managed. The Fund's Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Fund's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of this risk framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund. The Fund's Risk Management Function assists in managing these risks. The Fund's primary risk management objective is to protect earnings and cash flow and ultimately Unitholder distributions.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if a customer, partner or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises primarily from the Fund's cash and cash equivalents and receivables and from counterparties on its power cost swaps. The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities and the fair value of the long-term debt, convertible debentures and swaps represents the maximum credit exposure to the Fund.

The Fund manages credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents by maintaining bank accounts with Schedule 1 banks. The Fund has minimal credit risk related to its receivables as a majority of these amounts are with large customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to the terms of the Fund's shipping rules and regulations or pursuant to contracts. Balances are payable on the 25th day of the following month. This date coincides with the date on which oil and gas companies receive payment from industry partners and customers. Historically, Pembina has collected its receivables in full with an excess of 90% collected on the due date. Pembina also maintains lien rights on the oil and NGL's that are in the Fund's custody during the transportation of such products on the pipeline as well as the right to offset for single shipper operations. Therefore, the risk of non-collection is considered to be low and no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

Additionally, credit risk is mitigated through established credit management techniques, including conducting financial and other assessments for all new shippers on its systems and regular reviews of the credit status of current shippers to establish and monitor the counterparty's creditworthiness, to set exposure limits and to obtain financial assurances such as letters of credit and guarantees when warranted. The Fund's review includes external ratings for customers, where available, and in other cases, detailed financial assessments and reviews which generates a credit rating based on financial ratios. Purchase limits are established for each customer representing the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the Risk Management Committee. These limits are reviewed on an ongoing basis as deemed required.

The Fund minimizes credit risk on its derivative financial instruments (power and commodity swaps) by entering into risk management transactions only with entities that have investment grade credit ratings.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that funds and credit facilities are available to meet its short term obligations. Management monitors daily cash positions and performs cash forecasts weekly to determine cash requirements. On a monthly basis, Management typically forecasts cash flows for a period of 12 months to identify financing requirements. These financing requirements are then addressed through a combination of credit facilities and through access to capital markets if required.

(in thousands of dollars)	Outstanding Balances Due By Period					
	Carrying Amount	6 months or less	6 - 12 months	1 - 2 years	2 - 5 years	>5 years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 56,966	\$ 41,994	\$ 13,777	\$	\$	\$ 1,195
Distributions payable to Unitholders	17,364	17,364				
Long-term debt (excluding financing fees) ¹	921,936	3,329	78,451	15,128	592,229	232,799
Convertible debentures	41,604				41,604	
	\$ 1,037,870	\$ 62,687	\$ 92,228	\$ 15,128	\$ 633,833	\$ 233,994

¹ \$75 million of floating rate Senior Unsecured Notes are due June 2009. The \$390 million drawn on the revolving credit facilities is due in July 2012 and the \$175 million in fixed rate Senior Unsecured Notes are due in June 2014 (2 - 5 years period). The \$81.9 million balance in fixed rate Senior Secured Notes are due in August 2017 and the \$200 million in fixed rate Senior Unsecured Notes is due September 2021 (>5 years period).

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the changes in market prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity prices affect the Fund's earnings and the value of financial instruments it holds.

The Fund uses derivative financial instruments to manage exposure to power costs, interest rates and crude oil and natural gas liquid prices. The Fund does not use financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Contracts used to manage market risk generally consist of swap contracts. These contracts consist of interest rate swaps and power swap hedges designated as cash flow hedges (see Note 16 in the December 31, 2007 Annual Report). These cash flow hedges are used to manage the potential increase or decrease in the price of non-transmission power charges and interest expense on floating rate debt instruments. The \$60 million interest rate swap matured on June 9, 2008. The Fund entered into new interest rate swaps of \$160 million during the third quarter.

The Fund's credit facilities as at September 30, 2008 consisted of an unsecured \$500 million revolving credit facility and a \$30 million operating line of credit. Pembina had \$390 million drawn leaving \$140 of undrawn capacity. At September 30, 2008, the Fund was exposed to changes in interest rates on \$305 million of bank borrowings.

Liquidity and Capital Resources (in thousands of dollars)	September 30 2008	Dec. 31 2007
Variable rate debt		
Bank debt	\$ 390,000	\$ 250,000
Senior unsecured notes	75,000	75,000
Variable rate debt swapped to fixed	(160,000)	(60,000)
Total variable rate debt outstanding (average rate of 3.91%)	305,000	265,000
Fixed rate debt		
Senior unsecured notes	375,000	375,000
Senior secured notes	81,936	86,708
Variable rate debt swapped to fixed	160,000	60,000
Total fixed rate debt outstanding (average rate of 5.34%)	616,936	521,708
Convertible debentures	41,604	47,702
Total debt and debentures outstanding	963,540	834,410
Unutilized debt capacity	140,000	280,000

The Fund has fixed the interest rate on \$160 million of variable rate bank borrowings through interest rate swaps. The interest rate swaps had a fair value of \$0.4 million unrealized gain as at September 30, 2008 and are for terms of 5 to 10 years.

Including the interest swaps, interest rates on \$616.9 million in Senior Secured and unsecured notes have been fixed, leaving roughly 33% of Pembina's outstanding debt exposed to interest rate fluctuations.

The Fund is also exposed to changes in the cost of power. At September 30, 2008, the Fund has fixed the price of non-transmission power charges by way of price swap contracts which expire in 2010. The fair value of these contracts at September 30, 2008, was an unrealized gain of \$9 million. The power swap hedges the first 16 MW of power consumption each day on the conventional pipeline systems. Pembina's current consumption is not greater than 16 MW a day and hence considers its power costs fully hedged. Power costs on our oil sands systems are not hedged and as revenue on these pipelines is contracted to recover operating costs, Pembina's net operating income from oil sands is not impacted by fluctuations in power costs. Assuming a portion of the power was not hedged, every \$5 change in the Alberta pool price will increase operating expenses by approximately \$0.7 million.

Terminalling, storage and hub services are dependent upon the ability of Pembina to take advantage of pricing differentials for various qualitative factors in the crude oil and NGL streams. These differentials are based primarily on product density and sulphur content and are subject to normal market forces. Pembina actively monitors the market conditions and the stream content and quality to ensure that it is not subject to undue risk or exposure should there be significant change in either price or quality factors. The Fund does have some commodity swap hedges in place but the swaps have an insignificant value and are recorded in current period earnings.

The Fund documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions for all financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges. The Fund also assesses, both at inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

Pembina does not have any material currency risk as most transactions are done in Canadian dollars.

Fair values

The Fund classifies its financial instruments as follows: cash is designated as "held for trading" and is measured at carrying value which approximates fair value due to the short term nature of these instruments. Accounts receivable and other are designated as "loans and receivables" and are measured at amortized cost. The derivative financial instruments are designated as cash flow hedges and are measured at fair value using market rates (values disclosed above). Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, distributions payable, long-term debt

and convertible debentures are designated as "other liabilities" and recorded at amortized cost. The fair values for the long-term debt are determined by discounting the future contractual cash flows under the note agreements at discount rates which represent borrowing rates available for loans with similar terms and conditions. The fair value of debentures are determined based on available market information. There are no material differences in the carrying amounts of the financial instruments reported on the balance sheet compared to the estimated fair values except as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	September 30, 2008		December 31, 2007	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Long-term debt				
Senior secured notes	\$ 81,936	\$ 87,350	\$ 86,708	\$ 93,659
Senior unsecured notes	450,000	408,729	450,000	441,893
Convertible debenture	41,604	57,163	47,702	67,770

5. Capital Risk Management:

The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide a stable stream of distributions to Unitholders that is sustainable over the long-term. The Fund distributes all of its net cash flow, subject to retaining an appropriate distribution reserve, financing, making repayments on debt and, if applicable, funding future removal and site restoration reserves.

The Fund manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and risk characteristics of its underlying asset base and based on requirements arising from significant capital development activities. The Fund, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new Trust Unit or debt issuances as required. Additionally, the Fund can resume its Premium Distribution Plan, Distribution Reinvestment and Optional Unit Purchase Plan ("DRIP") should it desire to raise new equity.

The Fund maintains a conservative capital structure that allows it to finance its day-to-day cash requirements through its operations, without requiring external sources of capital. The Fund funds its operating commitments, short-term capital spending as well as its distributions to Unitholders through this cash flow, while new borrowing and equity issuances are reserved for the support of specific significant development activities. The capital structure of the Fund consists of Trust Units, deficit and accumulated other comprehensive income. Long-term debt is comprised of bank credit facilities, senior secured and unsecured notes and convertible debentures. The Fund monitors its ratio of total debt (as shown on the balance sheet) to total enterprise value (market value of trust units and debentures) quarterly and remains satisfied that the leverage currently employed in the Fund's capital structure is sufficient and appropriate given the characteristics and operations of the underlying asset base.

The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Fund's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the year ended December 31, 2007.

Note 6 of these interim financial statements demonstrates the change in Trust Units for the nine months ended 2008 and Note 12 in the December 31, 2007 Annual Report provides further information regarding the characteristics of the Trust Units outstanding.

6. Trust Units:

The Fund is authorized to create and issue an unlimited number of Trust Units.

	Trust Units	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2008	132,541,536	1,320,692
Exercise of Trust Unit options	517,310	7,852
Debenture conversions	509,680	6,099
Contributed surplus		621
Balance, September 30, 2008	133,568,526	\$ 1,335,264

The net earnings per Trust Unit are based on earnings available to Unitholders and the weighted average Trust Units outstanding for the period. The earnings available to Unitholders for the third quarter of 2008 was \$54.4 million (2007 - \$37.9 million) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was \$129.1 million (2007 - \$107.3 million). The weighted average Trust Units outstanding for the third quarter of 2008 were 133,504,000 Units (2007 - 131,994,000) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 were 133,128,000 (2007 - 129,859,000).

The diluted earnings per Trust Unit are based on net earnings and the weighted average Trust Units outstanding adjusted for the dilutive effect of convertible debentures and employee Trust Unit options. The diluted net earnings for the third quarter of 2008 were \$54.9 million (2007 - \$38.6 million). In computing diluted earnings per Trust Unit, 4,044,000 Trust Units (2007 - 6,212,000) were added to the weighted average Trust Units outstanding for the third quarter of 2008 for the dilutive effect of both convertible debentures and employee Trust Unit options. Basic and diluted earnings per Trust Unit for the third quarter of 2008 are \$0.41 and \$0.40, respectively, compared to \$0.29 and \$0.28 in the third quarter of 2007, respectively.

The diluted net earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 were \$130.9 million (2007 - \$109.9 million). In computing the nine months ended September 30, 2008 diluted earnings per Trust Unit, 4,387,000 Trust Units (2007 - 8,930,000) were added to the weighted average Trust Units for the dilutive effect of both convertible debentures and employee Trust Unit options. Basic and diluted earnings per Trust Unit for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 are \$0.97 and \$0.95, respectively, compared to \$0.83 and \$0.79, respectively, in the nine months period of 2007.

At September 30, 2008, 3,723,941 options were outstanding, of which 2,301,052 were exercisable (September 30, 2007 - 1,802,747) at a weighted average price of \$14.83 (September 30, 2007 - \$13.72).

Exchange Listing and Trading Symbols:

The Toronto Stock Exchange

Trust Units Symbol: **PIF.UN**

7.35% Convertible Debentures Symbol: **PIF.DB.B**

Trustee, Registrar and Transfer Agent:

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Quarterly Results Webcast:

A live internet broadcast of Pembina's Third Quarter 2008 Results conference call is scheduled for October 30, 2008 at 11:00 a.m. Calgary (1:00 p.m. Eastern, 10:00 a.m. Pacific). Those wishing to access the webcast are invited to visit Pembina's website located at www.pembina.com, or the host site at www.newswire.ca/webcast. An archive of the call will be available on-line for 90 days following the broadcast date.

Premium Distribution, Distribution Reinvestment and Optional Unit Purchase Plan:

Pembina offers a Premium Distribution, Distribution Reinvestment and Optional Unit Purchase Plan to eligible Unitholders of Pembina Pipeline Income Fund.

The Plan allows participants an opportunity to:

- reinvest distributions into Trust Units at a 5 percent discount to a weighted average market price, under the distribution reinvestment component of the Plan; or,
- realize 2 percent more cash on their distributions, under the premium distribution component of the Plan;
- eligible Unitholders may also make optional Trust Unit purchases at the weighted average market price.

A brochure, detailing administration of the Plan and eligibility and enrolment information, is available on-line on Pembina's web site located at www.pembina.com, or call 1-888-428-3222 to receive a copy by mail. Unitholders wishing to enroll in the Plan are asked to contact their broker, investment dealer, financial institution or other nominee through which the Trust Units are held.

This document contains forward-looking information and statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Such information, although considered reasonable by Pembina at the time of preparation, may prove to be incorrect and actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in the statements made. For this purpose, any statements that are contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to risks associated with operations, such as loss of market, regulatory matters, environmental risks, industry competition, and ability to access sufficient capital from internal and external sources. See "Forward-Looking Information and Statements" presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in this document for additional information, which applies to all forward-looking information and statements contained in this document.